# Phonics Learning to Read and Write

26<sup>th</sup> September 2024

## Learning to read and write:

- The purpose of this presentation is to show how we teach the children to read and write.
- What Phonics is and how we teach it.
- Reading: Library books and reading scheme.
- How you can help support your child at home.

## Reading books

- The children will bring home 2 books on a Wednesday.
- Need to be returned to school on Monday.
- Initially 1 picture book and a pre-reader one with repetitive words and phrases.
- Once phonics is established and children can read and segment words, they will begin on our reading scheme books.

## Comprehension



## Vocabulary

- Segment
- Blend
- Sound and name
- VC (vowel/consonant) on, in, it, is, at
- CVC (consonant/vowel/consonant) hat, dog, pen
- Tricky words
- Phoneme Frame
- Digraph sound produced by 2 letters (sh, ai)
- Trigraph sound produced by 3 letters (air, igh)
- CVCC / CCVC

## **Phonics**

- Phase 1 develops listening and oral skills.
- Phase 2 learning the individual sounds for each letter and how that letter is written.
- Phase 3 continue learning the individual sounds and the digraph and trigraphs (sounds made from 2 or 3 letters).
- Phase 4 consolidation of the sounds and tricky words.

#### Phase 1 - Rhyme

Which is the odd one out? / Can you find the rhyming pair?



#### Phase 1 - Alliteration

Sun, sock, strawberry - what can you tell me about them?

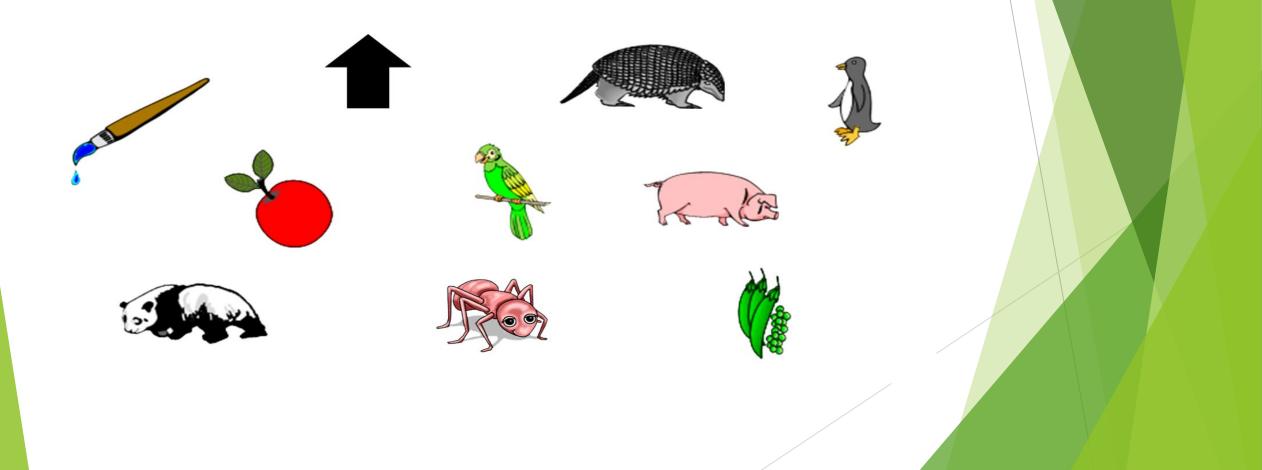






Phase 1 - Hearing initial sounds

I spy something beginning with p?



## Phase 1 - Oral segmenting and blending

Can you find me the p-i-g?

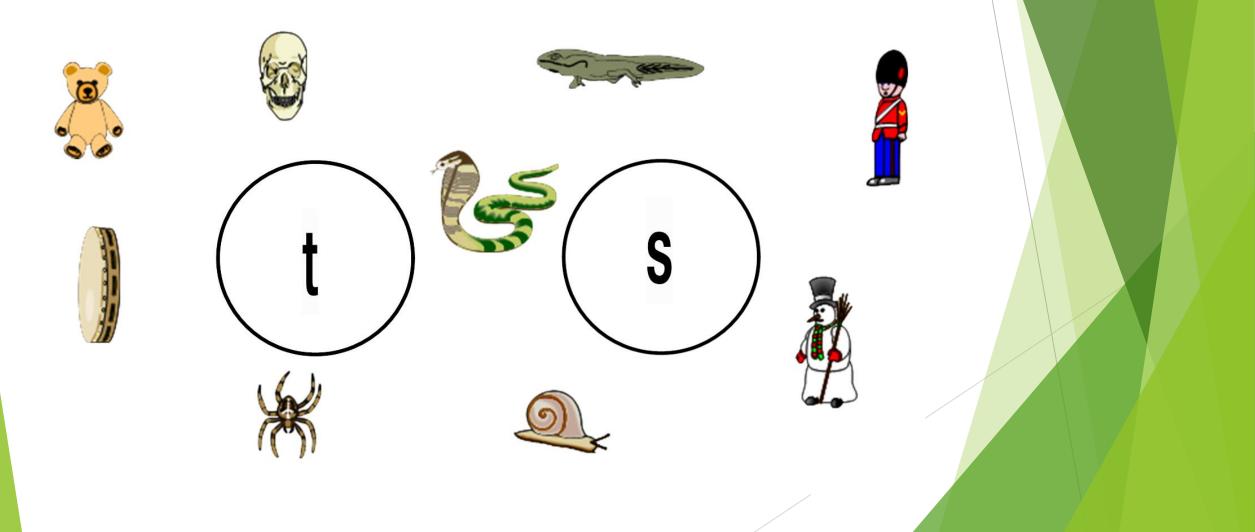


## Phase 2 - Sounds and Names

- Set 1: s a t p
- Set 2: in m d
- Set 3 gock
- Set 4: ck e u r
- Set 5: h b f ff l ll ss

The children will learn 4 sounds per week - these will be available on Tapestry for you to practise at home with your child.

#### 



## Phase 2 - Reading and writing VC and CVC

satpin

- Read word by sounding out (segmenting / then blending) e.g. at, in, tap, pan
- Use letter cards to make a word link to pre-readers.
- Use fingers to sound out words try to record on phoneme frame.

#### Phase 3 - Sounds, Names and Digraphs

- Set 6: j v w x
- Set 7: y z zz q qu
- Consonant digraphs: ch sh th ng
- Vowel digraphs: ai ee oo oa ar or ur ow oi er ue le wh ve
- Trigraphs: igh ear air ure cks dge tch

Try to read this sentence!

# pleeztorktuyornAbuabowtyordai

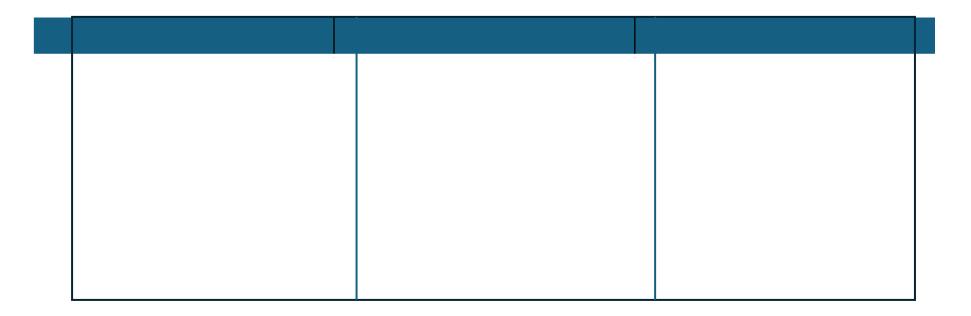
#### pleez / tork / tu / yor / nAbu / abowt / yor / dai

Please talk to your neighbour about your day.

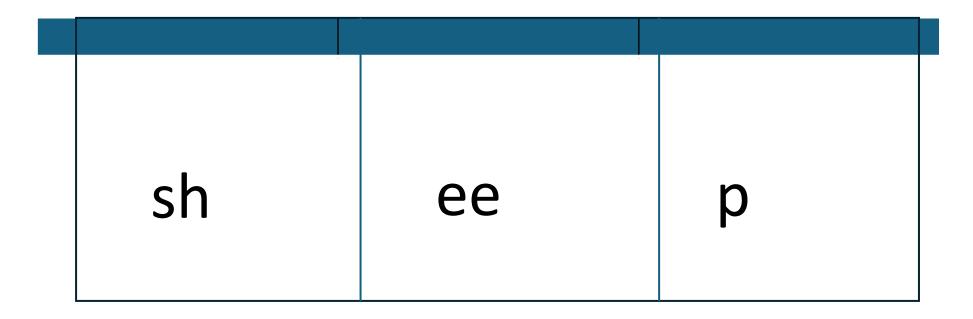
Phase 3 - Reading and writing CCVC, CVCC and words containing di/trigraphs

- Read word by sounding out (segmenting / then blending) - recognising the di/trigraphs hiding in words.
- Use fingers to sound out words to identify how many sounds - try to record on phoneme frame.

## Phoneme frame



## Phoneme frame



Phase 3 - Spotting di/trigraphs and tricky words

The cow and goat go to the barn at night for a sleep.

# Phase 3 - Spotting di/trigraphs and tricky words

The cow and goat go to the barn at night for a sleep.

### Phase 4 - consolidation

- Practise, practise and more practise!!
- By the end of Reception we hope that most children will be confident in decoding, segmenting and blending and will be able to use their phonics skills to read and write simple and some more complex sentences.
- We assess the children regularly and offer intervention to support with difficulties.

#### Tricky Words:

Words that have to be learnt by sight as they do not sound out.

Phase 2:	Phase 3:	Phase 4:	
I	we	have	out
to	me	said	do
the	he	like	
no	she	when	
go	be	one	
	was	some	
	my	come	
	are	what	
	you	there	
	they	were	
	her	50	
	all	little	